Natural Community Conservation Planning Process

- # **Scope** Identify initial geographic planning area and natural communities
- # Planning Agreement Convene interested parties to develop a planning agreement which outlines:
 - ♦ Geographic planning area
 - Species and natural communities to be addressed
 - ♦ Processes for scientific and public input
 - Interim process for project review
- # Committees Establish committees as necessary
 - ♦ Plan stakeholder committee
 - ♦ Biological technical committee (agency biologists, consultants)
 - Specific issue committees (funding, mitigation strategies, data management, outreach, etc.)
- # Data Collection Collect biological and other necessary planning data
 - Species field surveys
 - ♦ Vegetation mapping and habitat modeling
 - ♦ Soils, hydrology, land ownership, etc.
- # Conservation Principles Convene independent scientific guidance group to identify conservation principles for:
 - Landscape conservation and preserve design, such as:
 - \$ Larger preserves are better than smaller preserves
 - \$ Reserve areas should be close to each other
 - \$ Habitat should remain contiguous
 - \$ Preserves should be linked with corridors
 - Preserves should contain a diversity of physical and environmental conditions
 - \$ Preserves should be protected from encroachment
 - ♦ Conservation of specific target species and habitats
 - Data gaps (may include research recommendations)
 - Adaptive management
- # **Identify Preserves** Use conservation principles, data, and expert opinion to identify preserves
- # Plan Development
 - Develop draft plan with input from committees and interested public
 - \$ Avoidance, minimization, and mitigation measures
 - \$ Conservation obligations of partners
 - \$ Mechanisms for development approval
 - \$ Economic analysis and funding strategies
 - \$ Draft implementing agreement

Plan Review and Approval

- ♦ Conduct public review of draft plan and CEQA documents
- ♦ Develop final plan
- Obtain jurisdictional approval of final plan (local government)
- ♦ Issue necessary permits (DFG, USFWS)

Implementation

- ♦ Assemble the reserve system
- Biological monitoring
- ♦ Adaptive management program
- ♦ Compliance monitoring